# Final attainment levels ICB4





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# 1. Legend

CE	Competency element according to ICB4: sequentially Group (Perspective, People, or Practice), Sequence number of the competency, and Competency name			
No	Number code of the subject or letter code of the final term			
Subject	Final attainment grouping. Within each competency element, the final attainments are grouped into one to a maximum of nine 'subjects'.			
Subject and final attainment level	Each final attainment level has a code for reference. This code is structured as follows: capital letter-number-digit-lowercase letter			
coding	The capital letter represents the competency group, as follows:			
	<ul> <li>C: Contextual competencies (Perspective)</li> <li>G: Behavioral competencies (People)</li> <li>V: Professional competencies (Practice)</li> </ul>			
	The letter is followed by a number (one or two digits) that indicates the sequence number of the competency within the competency group.			
	This is followed by a number indicating the serial number of the subject within the competency, for example:			
	<ul> <li>C11: Perspective 1, subject 1</li> <li>C29: Perspective 2, subject 9</li> <li>V131: Practice 13, topic 1</li> </ul>			
	Within each topic, each learning outcome has a letter code, for example:			
	G32b: People 3, topic 2, learning outcome b ("Active listening").			
Explanation	Explanation of learning outcome or reference to relevant literature			
B, C, D, P	IPMA level (resp. PMO IPMA-B, PMO IPMA-C, PMO IPMA-D)			
b, t, a	(Maximum) level at which the final term can be tested: b – understanding, t – application, or a – analysis.			



# 2. Taxonomy

b = Understanding		t = Application		a =	= Analyze
Verbs	Nouns nouns	Verbs	Nouns nouns	Verbs	Nouns nouns
Recognize	Terms	Apply	Situations	Analyze	Analyses
Name	Facts	Drafting	Applications	Deriving	Models
Comparing	Processes	Implement	Principles	Assess	Problems
Describing	Relationships	Calculate	Criteria	Design	Conclusions
Define	Standards	Define	Rules	Prioritize	Predictions
Explain	Rules	Choosing	Methods	Relate	Comment
Reproduce	Criteria	Solve	Conclusions	Conclude	Concepts
Explain	Methods	Derivation		Weighing	



# 3. learning outcomes ICB 4 PMO

### 3.1 Contextual competence elements (Perspective)

No	Topics	Explanation	В	С	D
CE	Perspective 1: Strategy				
C11	Mission, vision, and strategy				
а	Mission and vision of organizations		а	t	b
b	Core values of an organization (corporate		а	t	b
	values)				
	Strategy determination:				
С	7-S Framework© - McKinsey Consulting		b		
d	Business Model Canvas©	Business Model Generation – Osterwalder, 2010	t		
е	SWOT		а	t	b
C12	Strategic performance management				
а	Benefit management		t	b	
b	Strategic performance management	<ul><li>Performance indicators</li><li>Balanced Scorecard©</li></ul>	t	b	
С	EFQM management model©		b		
d	Benchmarking		t	b	b
C13	Investment calculations				
а	NPV calculation	Including the terms WACC/cost of capital, discount rate, internal rate of return, 'cash is king', opportunity costs, sunk costs (as concepts, not calculations)	а	t	
b	Payback period, Break Even Point		а	t	
C14	Business or organizational justification				
а	Business case document (format and characteristics)	Measurable and unmeasurable benefits	а	t	b
b	Zero scenario, delta measurement		b	b	b
С	Business case for client and supplier		b	b	b
d	Relationship between business justification and project life cycle		t	t	b
е	Relationship with feasibility study and benefits review/post-investment assessment		t	t	b
CE	Perspective 2: Management, structures, an	d processes			
C21	Project management				
а	Working methods: Improvisation, routine and systematic		t	t	р
b	Conditions and characteristics of a project		а	t	t
С	Reasons for implementing a project		а	t	b
d	Projects within the product life cycle		b	b	b
е	Phasing, controlling, and deciding	Control aspects (e.g., time, money, scope, quality, risks, benefits)	t	b	р
f	Project Excellence Baseline© (PEB)		b		
C22	Program Management				
а	When to choose a program		t	b	
b	Differences between projects and programs		b	b	b



С	Program organization: roles and associated tasks, responsibilities, and	Program client, sponsor, sponsor group, program manager, change	t	b	b
	authorities	managers, program office, program steering group, program assurance			
d	Multi-organizational programs	E.g., public-private partnerships	b	b	
e	Program life cycle	Program phases and plateau	b	b	
	,	transitions			
f	Core documents of a program	Vision document and blueprint,	b	b	
		program plan, goal decomposition, business case			
C23	Portfolio management				
а	Portfolio and multi-project management		t	t	b
b	The portfolio organization		t	b	b
С	Prioritization of programs and projects	Multi-criteria analysis, Bellendiagram (bubble chart)	а	t	
d	Portfolio process		t	b	
C24	Setting up PPP and PMO organizations				
а	Steps for implementing a PPP	Effects on the organization upon	а	b	
	organization	implementation			
	Permanent PMO:				
b	Setting up a permanent PMO		t	b	
С	Features of a permanent PMO		t	b	b
d	Added value of permanent PMO		t	b	b
е	Organisational Competence Baseline© (OCB)	Organizational maturity level with regard to project management	t		
C25	Organizational theory				
а	Standing organization	<ul> <li>Line, staff, and support services</li> <li>Separation of duties</li> </ul>	b	b	b
b	Organizational structures	Primary process  Mintzberg on management -	b		
		Mintzberg			
С	Flat versus hierarchical organization	Span of control, depth of control	b	b	
d	Supply chain/Chain management		b		
е	Interfaces between project/program and business operations	<ul> <li>Run the business/change the business</li> <li>Matrix, autonomous, and</li> </ul>	b	b	b
		coordination structure			
f	System approach		t	b	
g	TQM Total Quality Management		b		
C26	Project, program, and portfolio manageme	ent standards and methods			
а	ISO standard 21500:2012, Guidance on Project Management©	Treatment and arranted and arranted and arranted and arranted arra	b		
b	Project management standards	PMBok Guide©,     PNINGER PMANUEME	t	b	
		PRINCE2©, PMW, PMC (as described in "Guide to methods in project management")  • Adapting methods for specific organizations/situations			
C27	Process development methods				
а	Agile	Agile manifesto and agile principles	t	t	b
b	Scrum	Roles, events, artifacts, concepts	t	t	b
С	Lean Six Sigma	DMAIC and DMDAV	b	b	



d	Kanban		t	b	b
C28	Personnel management				
а	Role of project, line, and HR manager in HRM of project participants	In acquisition, management, and termination/responsibilities, dependencies, and cohesion between project and standing organization	t	b	b
b	Competency management	Includes learning single, double, and triple loops	t	b	
C29	Financial administration				
а	Cost classifications	Fixed and variable costs, direct and indirect costs	b	b	b
b	Allocation of indirect costs	<ul><li>Storage, over- and under- absorption</li><li>Cost center method</li></ul>	b		
С	Fundamentals of financial administration	General ledger account, journal entries, journals	b	b	
d	Financial statements	<ul> <li>Balance sheet, profit and loss statement (EBIT and EBITDA), cash flow statement, IFRS</li> </ul>	b	b	
е	Investments and depreciation	Operating expenses (OPEX) and Capital expenditures (CAPEX)	b	b	
f	Cash flow related to investments		b	b	
g	Valuation of projects	Projects in progress	b	b	
CE	Perspective 3: Compliance, legislation, and	regulations			
C31	Sustainability				
	Sustainability principles:				
a	People, planet, profit		t	t	b
b	The 10 principles of the UN Global Compact		t	b	
С	CSR: Corporate Social Responsibility	ISO standard 26000: Corporate social responsibility© (CSR)	а	t	b
C32	Legislation and regulations				
а	Sources of law	Difference between law, statutes, customary law, case law	b	b	
b	Areas and forms of law	<ul><li>Private law, public law</li><li>Mandatory, regulatory, and supplementary law</li></ul>	b	b	
С	Responsibility of the project manager in law enforcement		b	b	b
d	Agreements		t	b	b
е	Failure to fulfill an agreement		t	b	b
f	Unlawful act	Strict liability, causal link	t	b	b
g	Norms, regulations, and standards		b	b	b
h	Patent and trademark law	Intellectual property, copyright, patents, licenses	b	b	
C33	Health, security, safety, and environment				
а	Occupational health and safety legislation	Risk assessment, safety plan, duty of care	t	b	b
b	WABO legislation	Activities Decree and Activities Regulation, Environmental Permit (WABO), Environmental Permit, EIA (Environmental Impact Assessment), environmental offenses	b	b	



			Ι .		
С	Legislation in the field of data security,		t	t	b
	privacy, etc.				
CE	Perspective 4: Influence and interests				
C41	Influence and interests				
а	Formal and informal power and influence	Influence – Robert B Cialdini	t	t	b
		(Reciprocity, Commitment and			
		consistency, Social proof, Liking,			
		Authority, Scarcity)			
b	Sources of interest		t	b	
С	Conflicts of interest		t	b	
d	Sources of power	PESTLE analysis	t	b	b
		<ul> <li>Seven bases of power -</li> </ul>			
		Hersey, Blanchard, and			
		Johnson			
CE	Perspective 5: Culture and values	301113011			
C51	Culture and values				
а	Dimensions of national cultures	All dissenters - Hofstede	t	t	b
	Corporate culture:				
b	Organizational culture and decision-	Investigating and changing	b	b	
	making	organizational culture – Quinn			
С	Organizational culture model - Schein	Values, artifacts, and assumptions	b	b	



## 3.2 Behavioral competency elements (People)

No.	Topics	Explanation	В	С	D
CE	People 1: Self-reflection and self-manage	ement			
G11	Self-reflection and analysis				
а	Emotional intelligence - Goleman	Self-awareness, self-management, social skills, empathy, motivation	t	t	b
	Self-reflection and analysis techniques:				
b	Rational Emotive Therapy© (RET)		b		
С	Johari window		t	t	t
	Personal self-awareness:				
d	Core quadrants	Inspiration and quality in organizations – Daniel D. Ofman	t	t	b
е	Aware of personal characteristics	Spiral dynamics	t	b	
G12	Personal goal setting and time managem	nent			
а	Self-motivation		b	b	b
b	Steps in goal setting	Goal setting - Locke and Latham	t	b	
С	Seven Habits of Effective Leadership (Covey)		t	b	b
d	Personal time management	Eisenhower Matrix	а	t	t
G13	Stress Management				
а	Tension versus stress/burnout	Balance between workload and resilience	b	b	b
b	Symptoms & causes of stress		b	b	b
С	Stress management for yourself and others	Relaxation techniques, reducing physical, emotional, and rational tension	b		
d	Intervention techniques for reducing stress	Revitalizing/energizing, team- building activities, escalating and de-escalating	b	b	
CE	People 2: Personal integrity and reliability				
G21	Ethics				
а	Types of ethics	Virtue ethics, duty ethics, consequential ethics, care ethics	а	b	b
b	Personal ethics versus business ethics		b	b	
С	Professional standards and norms	IPMA Code of Ethics©	b	b	b
G22	Reliability				
а	Aspects of reliability	Consistency/Transparency/Consistent action/Predictability	b	b	b
b	Building reliability in a network of involved parties	Strong and weak ties (The strength of weak ties – Granovetter)	а	b	b
CE	People 3: Personal communication				
G31	Communication				
а	Communication model	Sender, channel, receiver,	b	b	b
	Lavalantanan	message, feedback, noise			
b	Levels of communication	What do you mean? - Schultz von Thun: Content, relational, expressive, appealing	t	t	b



С	Communication channels	Verbal, written, audiovisual, digital (including social media)	а	t	b
d	Miscommunication and noise	Selective perception, cognitive dissonance, internal and external noise	а	t	b
е	Criteria for good communication	<ul> <li>Effective, efficient, acceptable</li> <li>Comprehensible (tailored to the target group)</li> </ul>	а	t	t
G32	Conversational skills				
а	Verbal and nonverbal communication		t	t	t
b	Active listening	Hm, summarizing, paraphrasing, and asking follow-up questions; reporting, empathy	t	t	t
С	Asking the right questions	Open, closed, suggestive, and rhetorical questions	t	t	t
d	Giving and receiving feedback		t	t	b
е	Bad news conversations		t		
G33	Meetings				
а	Effective meetings	Success and failure factors and interventions during preparation, the meeting itself, and follow-up	а	t	b
b	Agenda and agenda items	<ul> <li>Layout and order of agenda items</li> <li>Informative, commentary, decision-making, and planning phases</li> </ul>	t	t	b
С	Meeting roles	Chair, secretary or minute-taker, participant	t	t	t
G34	Workshops				
а	Workshop features		t	t	b
b	Setting up and conducting workshops	Process steps and workshop phases	а	t	t
С	Roles and responsibilities in workshops	Workshop owner, facilitator, participant, and secretary/workshop assistant	t	b	b
G35	Presenting				
а	Effectiveness of presentation	Speech pattern, verbal and nonverbal behavior, connecting with the target audience	а	t	b
b	Elevator pitch		b	b	
С	Points to consider for good visual support in presentations		а	t	b
G36	Written communication				
а	Effective written communication	Requirements: comprehensibility; accuracy; conciseness; attractiveness	t	t	t
b	Document design and structure	Every communication includes the theme of the text, the <i>questions</i> to be discussed at , and the <i>answers</i> to those questions.	t	t	b
CE	People 4: Relationships and engagemen	nt			
G41	Openness				



а	Creating an open project culture	Action science - Argyris (model 1/model 2)	t	b	
b	Aspects, characteristics, and policy regarding openness	- Candor, accessibility, participatory and introspective openness - Influence of corporate culture, confidentiality, and security aspects	t	t	b
G42	Advising				
а	Role of PM as advisor	Process Consultation Revisited – Schein (3 models, 5 principles)	t	b	
b	Building arguments	The uses of argument - Toulmin	t	t	b
С	Relationships in consulting	Under-over / together-against	а	t	b
G43	Motivation				
а	Motivation theory	<ul> <li>4 extrinsic and intrinsic motivators</li> <li>Self-determination (3 basic needs)</li> <li>(Both according to Deci/Ryan)</li> </ul>	b	b	
b	Motivation and hygiene factors	How Do You Motivate Employees Herzberg	t	b	b
CE	People 5: Leadership				
G51	Leadership				
а	Differences and similarities between leadership and management		b	b	b
b	Leadership	Three Levels of Leadership - Scouller (public, private, and personal leadership)	а	b	
	Leadership styles:				
С	Situational leadership	According to Hersey & Blanchard	а	t	b
d	Leadership styles	Leadership that gets results - Goleman	t	b	
е	Influence and involvement	Circles of influence and engagement	t	b	b
f	Assertiveness	Assertiveness vs. agreeableness vs. aggressiveness	t	t	b
9	Balance between role perceptions and role expectations		t	b	
CE	People 6: Teamwork				
G61	Team life cycle				
а	Team development stages	- Tuckman's model: Forming, storming, norming, performing, and adjourning - Team building	а	b	b
b	Phases of team formation in relation to situational leadership		а	b	b
G62	Successful teams				
а	Team composition	Professional and work-related, cooperation and competence	t	b	
b	Team roles	Team roles - Belbin	b	b	
С	Dealing with resistance, the necessity of 'difficult' people in the team		t	b	b



d	Causes, symptoms, and prevention of group blindness		b		
е	Management of virtual teams		а	t	b
CE	People 7: Conflicts and crises				
G71	Crisis Management				
а	Crisis plan, content and composition		t	b	
b	Desired leadership style and		t	b	
C72	competencies in crisis management				
G72	Conflict management	Dusing and account to a country and	l.	I_	l-
a	Types of conflicts	- Business, scarcity, power, and socioeconomic conflicts - Functional vs. dysfunctional conflicts	b	b	b
b	Stages in a conflict	Pondy: 4-stage escalation model (1 Latent, 2 Perceived, 3 Felt, 4 Manifest)	b	b	b
С	Conflict regulation mechanisms in different conflict phases		t	b	b
d	Conflict management styles	Thomas & Kilmann model	а	t	b
е	PM in different roles in conflicts		t	b	
CE	People 8: Resourcefulness				
G81	Problem solving				
а	Steps in problem solving	Shoji Shiba & David Walden, Four Practical Revolutions In Management, Systems for Creating Unique Organizational Capability: - 9- and 7-step problem-solving approach (WV model) - Proactive, reactive, and corrective phases	b	b	
b	Cause identification techniques	Cause-and-effect diagram, analytical thinking, systems approach	t	b	b
С	Solution identification techniques	Brainstorming, expert opinion, lateral thinking	t	b	b
d	Solution evaluation techniques	Prototyping, value analysis, scenario planning	t	b	
е	Decision-making techniques	Consensus, majority, unanimity, compromise, authority, delegation	t	b	b
G82	Creativity				
a	Stages in the creative process	Start, divergent, convergent, and decision-making phases	t	t	b
b	Divergent creativity techniques	Solution-focused formulation, mind mapping, brainstorming, brown paper sessions, and analogies.	t	t	b
С	Advanced divergent creativity techniques	Inside-out listening, formulating stepping stones, and lateral thinking (such as De Bono's six thinking hats).	t	b	
d	Convergent creativity techniques	Nominal choice (choosing), mood boards and mirror conversations	t	t	b



		(dovoloning) and multi-critoria			
		(developing) and multi-criteria analysis (selecting),			
е	Advanced convergent creativity	COCD box© (choosing), sensory	t	t	
	techniques	deepening (developing), and value	·		
	'	analysis (selecting).			
CE	People 9: Negotiating				
G91	Negotiating				
а	Negotiation strategy	Thomas & Kilman/Win-Win, Win-	а	t	b
		Lose (in accordance with conflict			
		management)			1.
b	Harvard method (mutual gain)	Excellent Negotiation - Fisher, Ury, Patton (4 principles, plus	а	t	b
		BATNA: Best Alternative to a			
		Negotiated Agreement)			
С	Positional Negotiation	Opening offer, target point,	а	t	b
		resistance point, expected			
		outcome, breaking point			
d	Phases in negotiation	Preparation, run-up, opening,	t	b	
		exploration, implementation, and conclusion			
е	Aspects of negotiation	Interests, balance of power,	t	b	
	/ topects of fregotiation	climate, content, and room for			
		maneuver (support base)			
CE	People 10: Results orientation				
G101	Results orientation				
а	Efficiency, effectiveness, and		t	b	b
	productivity				
b	Results-oriented project management	Breaking the Code of Project	t	b	
		Management - A. Laufer (5			
С	Entrepreneurship	principles)  Entrepreneurship - Hisrich, Peters,	t	b	
		Shepherd	·		
	Efficiency:				
d	Principles and conditions for continuous	Kaizen: The Key To Japan's	а	t	b
	improvement	Competitive Success - Masaaki			
		lmai			
е	Techniques for efficiency	Kaizen: 5S improvement approach	t	b	b
	A	and 5xW and 1xH			
f	Advanced techniques for efficiency	Kaizen: areas of focus, the 4xM checklist, and the 7 statistical tools	t	b	
	Political and social sensitivity	Checklist, and the / Statistical tools	t	b	
g	1 Ontical and Social Scrisitivity		ι	U	



## 3.3 Professional competence elements (Practice)

No.	Topics	Explanation	В	С	D
CE	Practice 1: Approach				
V11	Approach				
а	Project success and the criteria for success and failure	Time/Money/Scope/Quality/Value	t	t	t
b	Success and failure factors	Chaos Report / Standish Group 2022 Ensure a thorough analysis	t	t	b
С	Project management team success	Ŭ,	t	b	b
d	Identifying learning points	Experiences and lessons learned from previous projects and the current project are very useful for determining and periodically reassessing the right project approach for a project.	t	t	t
е	Advising on the right approach	Reinventing Project Management  - Shenhar, Dvir, Heising (2012) and Voss (2012). Basic knowledge of MoP, MSP, and SAFe	t	b	b
CE	Practice 2: Goals and value	Thor, Thor, and on the			
V21	Expectations, requirements, and benefits				
а	Objectives versus goals	Goal (what the client wants to achieve with the result) vs. objectives (the goals of the portfolio/program/project manager)	t	t	t
b	Value management		t	b	
С	Cost-conscious design	Total cost of ownership Balance between development costs and operating costs	t	b	
d	Expectations, requirements, and acceptance criteria	Explicit and implicit expectations MoSCoW technique Functional and technical requirements	t	t	t
е	Program of requirements, specifications		t	t	b
f	Fit for use, fit for purpose		b	b	b
CE	Practice 3: Scope				
V31	Scope and delimitation				
а	Scope definition		t	t	t
b	Scope creep		t	t	t
V32	Product decomposition				
а	Work breakdown structure (WBS/PBS)	Structure coding WBS dictionary	t	t	t
b	Product flow chart	PBS, Swim lanes	t	t	t
C	Work breakdown structure (WBS/PBS) (extended)	Control point, planning package, and work package	t	t	t
V33	Configuration management				



а	Configuration management and configuration items	ISO 10007:2003 Configuration Management©	t	t	t
b	Configuration item records and configuration management database		t	t	t
С	Configuration management plan		а	t	b
d	(Configuration) baselines		t	t	t
CE	Practice 4: Time				
V41	Planning and phasing				
а	Graphic techniques	Gantt charts, roadmaps, Kanbans, Precedence charts, flow charts, and activity lists.	а	t	t
b	Precedence chart	Critical path method Total slack Finish-Start scheduling constraint	а	t	t
С	Other scheduling restrictions	Planning constraints Start-Start, Start-Finish, Finish-Finish ALAP/ASAP lead, lag Free slack	b	b	
d	Milestones, portfolio cycles, tranches, phases, and decision points		а	t	b
е	Phasing models	Linear phasing (waterfall), version phasing, development phasing, parallel phasing, timeboxing, subproject phasing	а	t	b
f	Shortening the schedule	Crashing, fast tracking	t	t	t
CE	Practice 5: Organization and information				
CE V51	Practice 5: Organization and information  Project organization				
	, and the second		b	b	b
V51	Project organization Client/contractor principle Principle of separation of technology and		b b	b b	b b
V51	Project organization Client/contractor principle				
V51 a b	Project organization Client/contractor principle Principle of separation of technology and management Project organization, project management team, project management structure Roles and role descriptions		b	b	b
V51 a b c	Project organization Client/contractor principle Principle of separation of technology and management Project organization, project management team, project management structure Roles and role descriptions Consultative structures		b a	b t	b t
V51 a b c d e f	Project organization Client/contractor principle Principle of separation of technology and management Project organization, project management team, project management structure Roles and role descriptions Consultative structures Responsibility matrix (RASCI model)		b a a	b t	b t
V51 a b c	Project organization Client/contractor principle Principle of separation of technology and management Project organization, project management team, project management structure Roles and role descriptions Consultative structures		b a a t	b t t t	b t t t
V51 a b c d e f	Project organization Client/contractor principle Principle of separation of technology and management Project organization, project management team, project management structure Roles and role descriptions Consultative structures Responsibility matrix (RASCI model)		b a a t	b t t t	b t
V51 a b c d e f V52	Project organization Client/contractor principle Principle of separation of technology and management Project organization, project management team, project management structure Roles and role descriptions Consultative structures Responsibility matrix (RASCI model) Information and management systems Information versus data Document management	Release levels, version management	b a a t	b t t t t	b t t t t
V51 a b c d e f V52 a	Project organization Client/contractor principle Principle of separation of technology and management Project organization, project management team, project management structure Roles and role descriptions Consultative structures Responsibility matrix (RASCI model) Information and management systems Information versus data		b a a t t	b t t t t	b t t t t
V51 a b c d e f V52 a b	Project organization Client/contractor principle Principle of separation of technology and management Project organization, project management team, project management structure Roles and role descriptions Consultative structures Responsibility matrix (RASCI model) Information and management systems Information versus data Document management I/O matrix Information (management) plan	management  Advice on appropriate information management systems	b a a t t	b t t t t t t	b t t t t t
V51 a b c d e f V52 a b c d	Project organization  Client/contractor principle  Principle of separation of technology and management  Project organization, project management structure  Roles and role descriptions  Consultative structures  Responsibility matrix (RASCI model)  Information and management systems  Information versus data  Document management  I/O matrix  Information (management) plan  Quality and security requirements for information and document management	Management  Advice on appropriate information management systems  Legal requirements	b a a t t t	b t t t t t t t t	b t t t t t t t t
V51 a b c d e f V52 a b c d	Project organization Client/contractor principle Principle of separation of technology and management Project organization, project management team, project management structure Roles and role descriptions Consultative structures Responsibility matrix (RASCI model) Information and management systems Information versus data Document management I/O matrix Information (management) plan Quality and security requirements for information and document management File structure	management  Advice on appropriate information management systems	b a a t t t b t a	b t t t t t t t	b t t t t t t t
V51 a b c d e f V52 a b c d e	Project organization Client/contractor principle Principle of separation of technology and management Project organization, project management team, project management structure Roles and role descriptions Consultative structures Responsibility matrix (RASCI model) Information and management systems Information versus data Document management I/O matrix Information (management) plan Quality and security requirements for information and document management File structure Practice 6: Quality	Management  Advice on appropriate information management systems  Legal requirements	b a a t t t b t a a	b t t t t t t t t	b t t t t t t t t
V51 a b c d e f V52 a b c d	Project organization Client/contractor principle Principle of separation of technology and management Project organization, project management structure Roles and role descriptions Consultative structures Responsibility matrix (RASCI model) Information and management systems Information versus data Document management I/O matrix Information (management) plan  Quality and security requirements for information and document management File structure Practice 6: Quality Quality	Management  Advice on appropriate information management systems  Legal requirements	b a a t t t b t a a	b t t t t t t t t	b t t t t t t t t
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С	Quality management system	Advice on appropriate systems, methods, and techniques	t	t	b
d	7 basic quality tools	Run chart, histogram, fishbone diagram, Pareto analysis, control chart, scatter diagram, flowchart	t	t	t
е	Quality costs (according to Juran)	Conformance & non-conformance cost	b	b	
V62	Quality assessment, audit, and evaluation				
а	Review, audit, and evaluation	audit (process quality) and evaluation (after delivery)	t	t	b
b	Inspection methods and techniques	Recommending appropriate techniques	b	b	
С	Testing	Knowledge of standard testing methods and techniques	b	b	b
d	Quality logbook, test register		а	t	t
CE	Practice 7: Finance				
V71	Cost estimate				
а	Cost breakdown (CBS)	Including cost components, cost items, and cost types	а	t	t
b	Link between CBS and WBS and OBS	Control accounts	t	t	t
С	Responsibility Assignment Matrix (RAM)		t	b	
d	Reserves	Contingency and management reserves; risk budget, change budget, contingency fund, margin, tolerance	а	t	b
V72	Cost management				
а	Administration and power of attorney		а	t	t
b	Coordination with business administration		а	t	t
С	Monitoring budgets		а	t	t
d	Reporting standards		а	t	t
е	Cost control		а	t	t
f	Financial obligations	Liability administration	t	t	b
V73	Project financing				
а	Financing	Internal and external financing; risk-bearing and non-risk-bearing financing options	t	b	
b	Financial control and liquidity planning		t	b	b
CE	Practice 8: People and resources				
V81	Capacity management				
а	Resource planning, allocation, and management		а	t	t
b	Leveling and smoothing	Resource leveling is the adjustment of the start and end dates of a project to take into account limited resources (effect on the critical path). Resource smoothing is adjusting activities so that the work can be completed according to the	а	t	t



		existing timelines (no effect on the critical path).			
С	Capacity plan	The capacity plan is a plan for the deployment of people and	а	t	t
d	Critical chain method	resources (excluding money).  Theory of constraints – Goldrath: Student syndrome, Parkinson's law and multitasking, project buffers and feeding buffers	b	b	
CE	Practice 9: Purchasing	and recamy samers			
V91	Procurement				
а	Make or buy: analysis and decision- making	Buy or outsource Role of business strategy	а	t	b
b	Procurement strategy and contracting plan		t	b	
С	Procurement process	Longlist, shortlist Selection and award criteria Relationship between project and purchasing department	а	t	b
d	RFI, RFP, RFQ		t	b	b
е	Letters of intent and preliminary agreements		t	t	b
f	Partnerships	Consortium, comakership, general partnership, back-to-back agreement	b	b	
g	European tendering	European Public Procurement Guidelines: principles, sectors, threshold amounts, procedures, selection and award criteria, sanctions for non-compliance	b	b	
V92	Agreements				
a	Contract types		b	b	b
b	Standard contract articles	General terms and conditions	t	t	b
С	Obligation to perform and obligation to achieve results		b	b	b
d	Bank guarantees and letters of credit		b	b	
е	Contract management	Monitoring of contract terms	t	t	b
f	Claim management	Processes, methods, and resources	b	b	
CE	Practice 10: Planning and control				
V101	Preparation				
а	Project mandate and project application	Process support	t	t	t
b	Project assignment (draft project management plan)		t	t	b
C	Project decision	Conduct final review	t	t	b
V102	Final phase				
а	Start-up workshop and kick-off meeting	Facilitation	t	t	t
b	Project management plan		t	t	t
С	Setting up project support		а	t	t
d	Project assessment, decision	Conduct final review	t	t	t
V103	Estimation methods				



а	Gross-net (available) capacity		a	t	t
b	Estimation methods	Single or multi-expert estimates (Delphi method), equal bet, velocity analysis, planning poker, historical data, analogies, effort models, parametric estimates (e.g., function point analysis in software development), and three-point estimates (e.g., PERT).	а	t	b
С	Uncertainty analysis	PERT (mean and standard deviation), z-table Monte Carlo analysis	а	t	
V104	Control and reporting				
а	Management by Objectives	Setting SMART goals	b	b	b
b	Management 'by Exception'	Tolerances and Escalations	t	t	b
С	Controlling a phase or the project	Exception procedure	t	t	b
d	Deming's management cycle (Plan-Do-Check-Act)		t	t	t
е	Management and reporting levels		t	t	t
	Management and reporting tools:				
f	Earned Value Analysis	Planned value (PV/BCWS), earned value (EV/BCWP), actual cost (AC/ACWP), cost variance (CV), cost performance index (CPI), schedule variance (SV), schedule performance index (SPI), budget at completion (BAC), estimated cost at completion (EAC), estimated cost to complete (ETC), Percentage complete	а	t	
g	Slip charts	Burndown charts	t	t	t
h	Various reports	Progress report, final report, deviation report, learning points report	а	t	t
V105	Change management				
а	Changes and project issues		t	t	t
b	Change procedure and issue register		а	t	t
С	Change authority and change budget	Advising on the establishment of an overarching change advisory board	а	t	b
d	Priority and urgency		а	t	b
е	Relationship between change management and configuration management	ISO 10007©	t	t	b
V106	Closure				
а	Transfer of final result	handover protocol), including asbuilt documents	t	t	t
b	Evaluation	Facilitation	t	t	t
С	Winding down	Identify/recommend follow-up actions, including post-investment assessment Clean up, close, and transfer project file	t	t	t

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d	Closure and discharge		t	t	t
CE	Practice 11: Risks and opportunities		ι	l l	L L
V111	Risk management: concepts, definitions, and categories				
а	Distinguishing between		b	b	b
	risks/opportunities and issues				
b	Distinguish between risks/opportunities and uncertainty in estimates		b	b	b
С	Risk exposure, willingness, aversion, and tolerance		b	b	b
d	Opportunity/risk owner and opportunity/risk action holder		b	b	b
е	Probability, impact, and horizon		b	b	b
f	Risk and opportunity categories	Internal and external risks and opportunities Project and business risks and opportunities	t	t	b
V112	Risk management framework				
а	Risk management processes	Risk management standard ISO 31000©	а	t	b
	Risk and opportunity measures:				
b	•The 8 risk measures (in ICB4 section 4.5.11.4)  •The 4 contingency measures (in ICB4 par. 4.5.11.4)	<ul> <li>avoid</li> <li>accept/increase the risk to take advantage of an opportunity</li> <li>removal of the source of risk</li> <li>reducing the probability</li> <li>reducing the consequences/impact</li> <li>sharing the risk with another party</li> <li>accepting the risk</li> <li>contingency plan</li> <li>seizing the opportunity</li> <li>sharing the risk with a third</li> </ul>	b	t	t
		<ul> <li>sharing the risk with a tillid party</li> <li>increasing probability and/or impact</li> <li>ignoring</li> </ul>			
d	Inherent, residual, and secondary risk		t	t	b
V113	Risk management techniques		_	1	1
a	Risk and opportunity register	Did decree 22	a	t	t
b	Risk and opportunity identification techniques	Risk decomposition structure, fishbone diagram/cause and effect diagram, pre-mortem analysis	а	t	b
С	Risk and opportunity assessment techniques	Monte Carlo, scenario planning, sensitivity analysis, decision tree, expected monetary value Probability calculation and statistical techniques	t	t	b
CE	Practice 12: Stakeholders				
V121	Stakeholder analysis and stakeholder management				



а	Analyzing stakeholders	Identify stakeholders, recognize mutual relationships, analyze interests and influence, determine relationship to project	t	t	t
b	Stakeholder management strategy and communication plan		t	t	b
С	Involving stakeholders	Inform, maintain interest, actively consult, actively involve	а	t	t
CE	Practice 13: Change and transformation				
V131	Organizational change				
	Change management theories:				
а	Kotter's 8-step model for change		b	b	
b	Diffusion of innovations - Rogers		b		
С	Learning styles for individuals, groups, and organizations	Disciplines of the Learning Organization/The Fifth Discipline - Senge	b	b	b
d	Dealing with resistance	Survival Anxiety Learning Anxiety – Schein Change paradigms – De Caluwe / Vermaak	t	t	b